



						Sar, Walle	
USN							15EC34

# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Feb./Mar. 2022 Network Analysis

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

# **Module-1**

- 1 a. Derive the expression for Star to Delta and Delta to star transformation. (10 Marks)
  - b. Use loop analysis to determine  $I_x$  and  $V_x$  in the circuit shown in Fig.Q1(b).

Fig.Q1(b)

Fig.Q1(b)

$$V_x = 50$$
 $V_x = 50$ 
 $V_x = 50$ 

# **OR**

2 a. Find the power loss in R  $(1\Omega)$  resistor using star and delta transformation for the network shown in Fig.Q2(a).

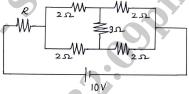
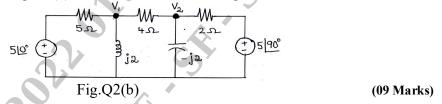


Fig.Q2(a) (07 Marks)

b. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q2(b), determine the node voltages.



# Module-2

3 a. Using Norton's theorem, find the current through the resistance of 16  $\Omega$  for the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(a).

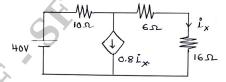
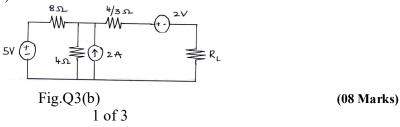


Fig.Q3(a)

b. Using maximum power transfer theorem, find the maximum power transfer to the load for the circuit shown in Fig.Q3(b).



(08 Marks)

### OR

Using superposition theorem, find the current, I for the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(a).

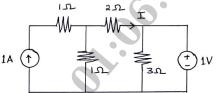


Fig.Q4(a)

(08 Marks)

b. Using Millman's theorem, find the current in the impedance, Z<sub>1</sub>, for the circuit shown in Fig.Q4(b).

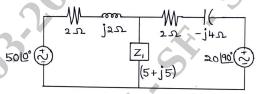


Fig.Q4(b)

(08 Marks)

For the circuit shown in Fig.Q5(a), the switch, K, is changed from position 1 to 2 at t = 05 (Steady state condition having reached before switching). Find i,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t = 0^+$ .

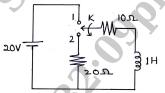
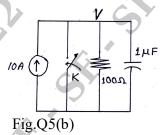


Fig.Q5(a)

(08 Marks)

b. For the circuit shown in Fig.Q5(b), the switch, K, is opened at t = 0. Find the values of v,  $\frac{dv}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2v}{dt^2}$  at  $t=0^+$ .



(08 Marks)

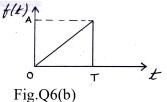
OR

Find the Laplace transform of;

- (i) f(t) = u(t)
- (ii) f(t) = t

(08 Marks)

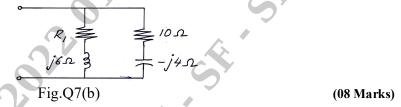
Obtain the Laplace transform of saw tooth waveform shown in Fig.Q6(b).



(08 Marks)

# **Module-4**

- a. A 220 V, 100 Hz source supplies a series RLC circuit with a capacitor and a coil. If the coil has 50 mΩ and 5 mH, find at a resonance frequency of 100 Hz, the value of C. Also find Q, f<sub>1</sub> and f<sub>2</sub>.
   (08 Marks)
  - b. Find the value of R<sub>1</sub> for the circuit shown in Fig.Q7(b) such that the given circuit is resonant.



### OR

**8** a. A series RLC circuit is shown in Fig.Q8(a). Determine (i) quality factor (ii) bandwidth (iii) resonance frequency and (iv) half power frequencies.

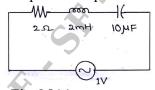


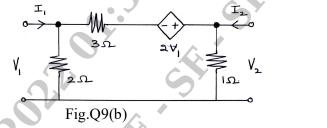
Fig.Q8(a) (08 Marks)

b. Derive the expressions of a resonance frequency and dynamic impedance of a parallel resonance circuit. (08 Marks)

### Module-5

- 9 a. Derive the expression of Z-parameters in terms of h-parameters.
- (08 Marks)

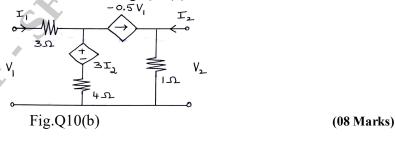
b. Find the Y-parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q9(b).



(08 Marks)

### OR

- 10 a. Derive the expression of ABCD-parameters in terms of Y-parameters. (08 Marks)
  - b. Find the h-parameters for the network shown in Fig.Q10(b).



\* \* \* \* \*